This manual offers all service specialists with the technological procedures of maintenance, repairing for LIGERO-50 detailedly show those whom may concern how to maintain, repair, change parts, troubleshoot and reassemble, etc.

At every important section we illustrate by assembly, explosion diagrams and photographs, if necessary, please check the diagrams already shown.

Though we have tried our best, please kindly instruct us any faults found in this manual.
CONTENTS

1. The specification 4

2. Service information 5
   (1) The operation notice 6
   (2) Looking torque value 7
   (3) Lubrication instruction 9
   (4) Wiring diagram 12
   (5) Troubleshooting 13

3. Checking and adjustment 19
   (1) Checking table 20
   (2) Battery 24
   (3) Clean the air cleaner 25
   (4) Oil screen 26
   (5) The final reduction mechanism oil 26
   (6) Spark plug 27
   (7) Compression pressure measurement 27
   (8) Valve clearance 28
   (9) Ignition timing 28
   (10) Idle Adjustment 29
   (11) Front brake adjustment 29
   (12) Rear brake adjustment 30
   (13) Tire 30
   (14) Throttle cables adjustment 31

4. Dismantling, maintaining, repairing and assembling operation 32
   (1) Lubrication system 33
   (2) Plastic parts of chassis 37
   (3) Engine dismantling 42
   (4) Drive pulley, starter, clutch, driven pulley 44
   (5) Cylinder head and valve 53
   (6) Cylinder and piston 58
   (7) AC generator flywheel 63
   (8) Final transmission mechanism 66
   (9) Crankcase, crank shaft 70
   (10) Carburetor 74
   (11) Steering stem, front wheel, front brake comp., front fork 78
   (12) Rear wheel, rear brake, rear damper 87
   (13) Fuel tank, oil tank 92
5. Electric equipment
   (1) Troubleshooting 95
   (2) Battery 96
   (3) Recharge system 97
   (4) Ignition system 99
   (5) Starting system 101
   (6) Starting clutch 103
   (7) Handle bar switch 105
## SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>LIGERO-50</th>
<th>Transmission</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overall Length</td>
<td>1780mm</td>
<td>Primary reduction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall width</td>
<td>645mm</td>
<td>Direct</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall height</td>
<td>1060mm</td>
<td>Secondary ratio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seat height</td>
<td>770mm</td>
<td>52/13*44/13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheelbase</td>
<td>1210mm</td>
<td>110CC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry weight</td>
<td>99kgs</td>
<td>Reverse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine Model</td>
<td>P2</td>
<td>differential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston displacement</td>
<td>49CC</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bore</td>
<td>40.0mm</td>
<td>Front fork</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroke</td>
<td>39.2mm</td>
<td>Telescopc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compression ratio</td>
<td>6.8:1</td>
<td>Rear cushion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ignition</td>
<td>CDI</td>
<td>Uni-absorber</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch</td>
<td>Centrifugal / CVT</td>
<td>Front brake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shifting</td>
<td>Drive</td>
<td>Hydraulic disk brake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lubricant</td>
<td>Auto seperated</td>
<td>Rear brake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering angel</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>Durm brake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Left</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>Head light</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>12V-35W*1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tail light</td>
<td>12V-21W/5W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1

- 35W*1
- 21W/5W
Vehicle model reorganization:

1. Movable model

2. Fixed model

Remarks: The equipments depend on the actual vehicle.
2. Service information:

(1) The notice for operation --------------------------------- 6
(2) Locking torque value --------------------------------- 7
   a. For engine
   b. For chassis
   c. Others
(3) Lubrication instruction --------------------------------- 9
   a. For engine
   b. For chassis
   c. Wheel bearing -------------------------------------- 12
(4) Wiring diagram ---------------------------------------- 13
(5) Troubleshooting
   1. Hard starting or no starting
   2. Not smooth rotation (weak acceleration; inefficient horse)
   3. Engine running not smoothly (low speed)
   4. Engine running not smoothly (high speed)
   5. Charging abnormal (battery over charging or over discharging)
   6. No Sparking, spark plug
(1) The operation notice:

1. Always replace gasket, O ring, cotter, pins and clip whenever reassembled.
2. When tighten screws or nuts, lock tightly as per specified locking torque, and in the sequence of cross direction.
3. Use PGO, or PGO Recommended parts.
4. After dismantling please wash all parts necessary for checking and grease all contact surface when reassembling.
5. Use grease recommended by P.G.O.
6. When removing battery, please dismantle the negative pole (-) first, when assembling please connect positive pole (+) first.
6. Before installing a new fuse, confirm the specification is correct or not.
7. After reassembling, please re-check that all connecting point, locking parts, circuits, polar characteristics are good, before selling out.
## (2) TORQUE VALUE

### 1. Engine:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Locking location</th>
<th>-thread Dia (mm)</th>
<th>Locking torque kg-m</th>
<th>Remark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Cylinder head</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1.0~1.4</td>
<td>When the engine is cold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Flywheel outer</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>3.2~4.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Rear brake lever</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Driving pulley</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>3.2~4.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Clutch outer</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>3.5~4.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Right crankcase</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Drive gear box cover</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Left crankcase</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Draining and filler bolt</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>When the engine is cold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Inlet pipe</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Flywheel magneto stator</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Cooling fan</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Muffler nut on cylinder head</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.2</td>
<td>When the engine is cold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Starting motor</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.4</td>
<td>When the engine is cold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Bracket between eng. and Rubber pad of central stand</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Spark plug</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>2.5~3.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Fan cover</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Fixed plate, drive clutch</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Nut of rear wheel axle</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>11~13</td>
<td>U TYPE NUT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Kick starter</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0~1.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2. Chassis:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NO</th>
<th>Locking location</th>
<th>Q'TY</th>
<th>Thread dia. (mm)</th>
<th>Locking torque (kg-m)</th>
<th>Remark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Locking nut, steering stem</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Front axle nut</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>4.5 ~ 5.5</td>
<td>U type nut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Rear axle nut</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>11~ 13</td>
<td>U type nut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Rear shock absorber bolt(upper)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Rear shock absorber bolt(lower)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>2.4 ~ 3.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Front brake caliper bolt</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>2.0 ~ 3.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Chassis bolt, engine hanger bracket</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>3.5 ~ 4.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Engine bolt, engine hanger bracket</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>3.0 ~ 4.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Brake hose bolt</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>3.0 ~ 3.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Air release valve</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Front drum brake arm bolt</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Rear drum brake arm bolt</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Other parts please refer the following table:

**Standard torque values:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NO</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Torque (kgf-m)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>5mm bolt and nut</td>
<td>0.45-0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>6mm bolt and nut</td>
<td>0.8-1.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>8mm bolt and nut</td>
<td>1.8-2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>10mm bolt and nut</td>
<td>3.4-4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>12mm bolt and nut</td>
<td>5.0-6.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>5mm screw</td>
<td>0.35-0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>6mm screw</td>
<td>0.7-1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>6mm flange bolt and screw</td>
<td>1.0-1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>7mm flange bolt and screw</td>
<td>1.0-1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>8mm flange bolt and screw</td>
<td>2.0-3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>10mm flange bolt and screw</td>
<td>3.0-4.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### (3)Lubrication instruction:

**A. Engine**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NO</th>
<th>Lubrication location</th>
<th>Oil type</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Crankcase: rotating part, Sliding part</td>
<td>Premium 2 stroke Motorcycle oil Or SAE#30</td>
<td>Auto-separated Lubrication</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Cylinder: rotating part, Sliding part.</td>
<td>Or SAE#30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Drive gear box</td>
<td>SAE85-140</td>
<td>Total 110 c.c. Replacement 90c.c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Gasket of starter shaft</td>
<td>Clean grease (#3)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Start idle gear sliding parts</td>
<td>Clean grease (#3)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
B.CHASSIS

Steel ball, steering

Front brake fluid

Front brake cam
C. WHEEL BEARING

Motor oil

Final transmission mechanism

gear oil

Speedometer gear-clean grease

Front wheel bearing-clean grease
(5) Trouble shooting:

1. Hard starting or can't start:

   - Check there is fuel or not
   - Pipe between fuel tank and carburetor is blocked
   - Float is blocked
   - Fuel gauze is blocked
   - Auto cock is malfunctioned
   - Spark plug out of order
   - Dirty
   - CDI unit out of order
   - Pulse generator out of order
   - Ignition coil cable disconnect or short circuit
   - Ignition coil disconnect or short circuit
   - Main switch out of order
   - Defective magneto coil
   - Starting clutch out of order
   - Valve is too tight, no clearance
   - Valve base out of order
   - Cylinder piston, piston ring out of order
   - Cylinder gasket leakage
   - Valve burns out
   - Wrong valve timing

   - Measurement of compression pressure
     - Pressure is normal
     - Unsufficient or no pressure
   - Start engine as the instruction of starting engine

   - Engine has no knocking
   - Engine knocking and can't start

Remove spark plug and check again

- Dry
- Wet
2. Unsmooth rotation (Weak acceleration; inefficient horsepower)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trouble condition</th>
<th>The reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Engine can rotate up | ① air cleaner blocked  
  ② fuel supply system abnormal  
  ③ fuel tank cover blocked  
  ④ muffler blocked  
  ⑤ auto cock is malfunctioned  
  ⑥ auto chock is malfunctioned |

Check ignition timing, check with ignition timing lamp

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timing is correct</th>
<th>Timing is not correct</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Bad adjustment on valve | ① CDI unit is out of order  
  ② alternator flywheel magneto is out of order  
  ③ valve clearance adjustment is not correct  
  ④ valve base is over worn out (Clearance valve is over extruded) |

Valve clearance is correct.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valve clearance is incorrect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Pressure is normal.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pressure is not normal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Check carburetor Is blocked or not

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No blocked</th>
<th>blocked</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Check the oil level in crankcase Is too much or dirty

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Oil level is Normal</th>
<th>Oil level is Not normal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Check the lubrication Of cylinder head

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Normal</th>
<th>Overheat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Check engine overheating Or not

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overheat</th>
<th>Running accelerately or High speed continuously</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

No knocking

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Knocking</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Check and Adjust

The trouble condition and the corresponding reason are listed in a flowchart format. The chart outlines various checks and adjustments to address unsmooth rotation issues.
3. Engine running not smoothly (low speed and idling):

Check and adjust

Trouble condition

The reason

Check ignition timing

CDI faulty

pulse generator faulty

mixture too rich (loosen the screw)
mixture too lean. (tighten the screw)

heat protector gasket broke
carburetor locking nut loose
gasket crack
hose ruptured

Adjust carburetor oil screw

good adjustment

taulty adjustment

check if there is air Leakage on carburetor gasket

No leakage

leakage

Good sparking

Sparking abnormal Or no sparking

Check A.C.V

good

fault

spark plug is dirty
CDI out of order
Ac magneto abnormal
ignition coil faulty
H.T. coil faulty or short circuit
main switch is abnormal.

A.C.V. faulty
hose is damaged.
air pipe is blocked or damaged
4. Engine running unsmoothly (high speed)

- Check and adjust
- Trouble condition

  - Check ignition timing
    - correct
    - not correct
      - ① CDI sets faulty
      - ② pulse generator faulty

  - Adjust valve gap
    - correct
    - Not correct
      - ① bad adjustment
      - ② valve base faulty

  - Check auto cock, Fuel supply system
    - good
    - unsmoothly
      - ① fuel level is too low
      - ② fuel pipe or fuel filter is blocked
      - ③ auto cock faulty

  - Check carburetor Is blocked or not
    - No blocked
    - blocked
      - clean and wash it

  - Check valve timing
    - correct
    - Not correct
      - the mark of cam’s timing gear does not align

  - Check the valve’s Reverse spring
    - good
    - Spring broke or fatigue
      - Spring faulty
5. Charging abnormal (battery over charging, or over discharging)

- **Check and adjust**
  - Measure battery's voltage, then start engine.

- **Trouble condition**
  - Voltage remains the same.
  - Voltage goes up to normal value, but after engine stop, the voltage goes down again.

- **The reason**
  - Battery is dead
  - Battery malfunction

- **Check voltage rectifier**
  - Plug is loose or not

- **good**
- **loose**
  - Poor connection
  - Red cable disconnected

- **Check the voltage**
  - Between chassis (Θ) and the red cable (⊕) of voltage rectifier

- **good**
- **No voltage**
  - Voltage rectifier malfunction
  - While cable disconnect

- **Check the resistivity**
  - Of A.C. generator coil

- **normal**
- **abnormal**
  - Charging abnormal (over charging)
  - Voltage higher than specification
  - Voltage normal

- **Start engine, connect**
  - Green cable to chassis, then measure the voltage between chassis (Θ) and red cable (⊕) of voltage rectifier

- **Voltage higher than specification**
  - Voltage normal
  - **good**
  - **Poor connection**

- **Check the connection**
  - Of the cable of voltage rectifier

- **good**
- **Poor connection**

- **Check the resistivity**
  - Of the body of voltage rectifier

- **Out of spec**
  - Voltage rectifier faulty
6. No sparking, spark plug

Check and adjust

Trouble condition

The reason

Replace new spark Plug, then check again

Good sparking

Weak sparking Or no sparking

spark plug faulty

Check spark plug, cap And H.V. cable is Loosen or not

good

loose

spark plug cap loosen

Check the CDI plug Is loosen or not

good

loose

plug is poor connection

Check the connection Between CDI Plug and Each terminals, check The resistivity of Each terminals

good

abnormal

①main switch faulty
②defective magneto coil
③pulse generator faulty
④defective ignition coil

Check relative parts

good

abnormal

①main cable broke
②poor connection of joints or sockets
defective CDI

Check ignition coil By the CDI tester

abnormal
defective ignition coil
3. Checking and Adjustment:

(1) Periodical checking table
(2) Battery
(3) Clean air cleaner
(4) Oil screen
(5) The final reduction mechanism oil
(6) Spark plug
(7) Cylinder pressure
(8) Valve clearance
(9) Ignition timing
(10) Idle adjustment
(11) Front brake adjustment
(12) Rear brake adjustment
(13) Tire
(14) Throttle cable adjustment
(1) Periodical checking table:

1. [ □ ] mark indicates periodical checking

2. [ * ] indicates changing the parts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check item</th>
<th>General checking</th>
<th>First Month Or Initial 500km</th>
<th>Per 6 Months Or 5000km</th>
<th>Per 12 months or 1000km</th>
<th>Per 1 Month Or 1000km</th>
<th>Per 3 months or 2500km</th>
<th>Per 12 months or 10000km</th>
<th>Judgement standard</th>
<th>Remark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A Suspension Steering Handlebar</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loose, swing</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>performance</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suspension: turning angle</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td></td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td></td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front fork</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>[ ]</td>
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Nut location:
- Front axle screw torque 5.0-6.0kg-m
- Rear axle torque 11.0-13.0kg-m
- Swingness off front
  - Vertical swing: 2mm below limit
  - Swingsness of rim: 2mm below limit
- Vertical swing: 2mm below limit
- Nut location: 2mm b.pw
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Battery: Recharge when run out of it

1. Remove the floor mat.
2. Screwing out the two screws on the battery cover; remove the battery cover.
3. Remove the negative cable and then the positive cable, take out the battery to recharge.
4. Re-assembling the battery as the opposite procedure of disassembling after recharging.

Note:
A. Do not take out the sealed bolt when recharging.
B. Without refilling water for the battery.

Please recharging (12V) as the following current.
Time standard: 0.3A*5~10Hr or Rapid: 3A*1Hr
(3) **Clean air cleaner**
1. Remove air cleaner cover.
2. Take out the air cleaner filter.
3. Clean the filter by compressed air.
4. Assemble the air cleaner by the opposite procedure.

Attn: Do not start engine when air cleaner is not installed.

(4) **MOTOR lubricant oil**
- take off the cap of oil tank
- check the level of oil.
(5) The final reducing mechanism oil

1. Change the oil in the gear box:
   a. Turn off the engine after warm up.
   b. Put a bowl under the engine.
   c. Remove the draining bolt and filling bolt to drain the gear oil off.
   d. Lock the draining bolt before refill 110c.c. gear oil and then lock the filling bolt.
   e. Locking torque: 1.8kg.m
(6) **Spark plug**

1. Remove spark plug.
2. Check the spark plug electrode and see whether it is burnt out/ carbonized or not.
3. Clean the electrode, if it is dirty.

- Spark plug specification
  
  NGK: BP7HS or BPR7HS equivalent

- Gap of spark plug: 0.6~0.7mm

- Spark plug

  * Electrode burnt out
  * Carbon piled up or not
  * Washer is distorted or not
  * Porcelain is cracked or not

(7) **Cylinder Pressure**

1. Measure it when the engine is warm.
2. Remove the cover at the right hand of the step floor.
3. Remove the spark plug then place cylinder pressure gauge. Then fully open the throttle and act on the starter motor to measure the compression pressure.

  Compression pressure: 6.0kg/cm² at 750 rpm

* When the compression pressure is too low, check the following:
  
  a. Gasket of the cylinder head is damaged.
  b. Piston ring worn-out
  c. Piston or cylinder worn-out

* The cylinder compression pressure is usually too high when there is too much carbonization in the combustion chamber and the piston tip.
(8) Ignition Timing

Note: It is no need to adjust ignition timing and CDI set.
When ignition timing is not correct, just check the ignition system.

1. Remove the checking hole cover of ignition timing.
2. Using the ignition timing light to assure the ignition timing is correct.
3. Under idling, it means in good function when crankcase’s mark matches to the “F” on the flywheel.
4. Raise the engine revolution to 5000 rpm slowly, it means in good function, if the crankcase's mark matches with Entering point of the flywheel.
(9) Idling Adjustment

Note: Adjust idling only when the engine is warm.

1. Remove the checking hole cover of carburetor.
2. Start the engine and connect the tachometer.
3. Adjust the throttle valve screw to the specified revolution.
4. Specified idling revolution: 1900 ± 100rpm
   - If rpm is still unsteady or fuel up is not smooth, please re-adjust the fuel intake screw.

(10) Front Brake Adjustment

1. Check the clearance of front brake lever
   Clearance: 10-20mm.
2. If the clearance is beyond standard, check whether:
   a. The air mix into the pipe/caliper.
   b. The oil brake system is leaking.
   
   Note: Try brake lever to see if it's loose. Check the brake oil. Once air mixed in the oil pipe, which will reduce or damage the brake efficiency or even its function.

3. Check the oil level:
   a. Refill the brake oil when the level is under the LOWER line.
   b. Oil specification: SAE J-1703 or DOT3 or DOT4.

Note:

a. To prevent the oil splitting onto the parts or clothes, put a piece of cloth on the bottom when refilling.
b. Be caution not to mix water or particles into the master cylinder when refilling.
c. Never use the oil that is not complied with spec.
d. In case the oil stains on the eyes, wash with water at once and then ask for medical care immediately.
(11) Rear Brake Adjustment
1. Check the clearance of rear brake lever.
   Clearance: 10~20mm
2. If the clearance is beyond the above
   Standard, adjust it by rotation the screw.
   a. Left-handed rotation-Enlarge the clearance.
   b. Right-handed rotation-Reduce the clearance.

Note: When the arrow of rear brake indicator align with the arrow of left crankcase, change the brake lining.

(12) Tire:
1. Check Tire air pressure.
2. Tire pressure:
   Front tire: 1.50kg/cm²
   Rear tire: 1.75kg/cm²

3. Tire specification:
   Front tire: 3.5-10
   Rear tire: 3.5-10

   Note:
   1. Check and adjust the tire pressure when it is too low.
      The pressure is according to the carrier, driver, passenger, accessories and cruise speed
   2. Proper loading is very important for steering, riding, braking, performance and safety.
      Never carry any parcel unfastened.
      Load the heaviest parcel on the center of vehicle, balancing the weight on both sides.
      Beware of the weight loaded properly and check the tire pressure. The total weight of carrier, driver, passenger, and accessories cannot exceed the approved limit. An overload vehicle is easy to cause tire damage and accident for rider
3. Check if there is any sharp object piece the tire.
4. Check the depth of wheel stripe.
   • Depth (front and rear): According to the mark of tire” ” indicating the necessity to change a new tire.

(13) Throttle cables Adjustment
1. Check the clearance of throttle
2. Normal clearance: 1.5-3.5mm
   Adjust it by rotating the adjust nut. Change it if the throttle cables can't be adjusted.
4. Dismantling, Maintaining, Repairing and assembling operation

(1) Lubrication system
(2) Plastic parts of Chassis
(3) Engine dismantling
(4) Drive pulley, starter, clutch, driven pulley
(5) Cylinder head and valve
(6) Cylinder and piston
(7) AC generator
(8) Final transmission mechanism
(9) Crankcase, crank shaft
(10) Carburetor
(11) Steering stem, front wheel, frt brake comp., frt fork
(12) Rear wheel, rear brake, rear damper
(13) Fuel tank
(3) Engine Dismantling

A. Dismantling engine.
   1. Take off the luggage compartment.
   2. Take off the left and right body covers.
   3. Take off the lower mudguard fender.
   4. Remove vacuum pipe, fuel pipe, auto choke, cap of spark plug, rear Brake cable carburetor pipe, engine flywheel shelf’s nut, starter Motor cable plate and rear damper bolt.
   5. Remove the engine.

B. Installing Engine.
   1. To install engine, please reverse the above procedures.
   2. Locking torque:
      - M8: 2.0~3.0kg-m
      - M10: 3.0~4.0kg-m
      - M12: 5.0~6.0kg-m
   3. After installing, please do the following checking and adjustment:
      - Checking and adjustment:
        a. Wiring connection.
        b. Throttle cable and oil control cable.
        c. Rear brake adjustment.
        d. Fuel and oil route.
(4) Drive pulley, starter & clutch

A. Troubleshooting:

a. Engine starts, but vehicle does not move.
   1. Driving belt worn out
   2. Driven plate worn out
   3. Clutch lining worn out
   4. Driving plate’s spring broken
b. The vehicle stops or trembles when running,
   1. Clutch lining spring cracked or broken.
c. Can’t reach high speed, no pick-up
   1. Driving belt worn out.
   2. Driving plate spring distortion.
   3. Weight roller worn out.
   4. Driving plate abnormal.

Note:

No grease and oil allowed to stain on driving belt and driven plate.

B. CVT parts measurement data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard value(mm)</th>
<th>Limit of use(mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Model 50cc</td>
<td>50cc</td>
<td>50cc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The inner dia. of Slide driving plate</td>
<td>20.035-20.085</td>
<td>20.123</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The outer dia. of boss, movable Driving plate</td>
<td>19.960-19.974</td>
<td>19.911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belt width</td>
<td>18.0-19.0</td>
<td>17.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch lining thickness</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch outer diameter</td>
<td>117.0–117.2</td>
<td>117.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Driving plate spring, free length</td>
<td>87.9</td>
<td>82.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The outer diameter of driven plate sets</td>
<td>33.965–34.025</td>
<td>33.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The inner diameter of slide Driven plate</td>
<td>34.000–34.025</td>
<td>34.070</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The outer diameter of weight Roller set</td>
<td>15.992–16.008</td>
<td>15.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
C. Driving pulley.

1. Take off the 8 screws of left Cover, remove the left cover.

2. Take off the left cover.
3. Remove the fixing nut of the clutch.

4. Take off the ramp plate.

5. Take off the belt and the rear clutch.
6. Take off the driving plate.
   • Take off the driving gear start set.
7. Remove the start idle gear fixing plate.

8. Take off the idle gear.
9. To assemble the driving pulley, please reverse above procedure.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Locking torque:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Nut of driving pulley: M10: 3.2~4.0 kg-m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Locking nut of clutch: M10: 3.5~4.0 kg-m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Checking the driving belt
    (1) Check whether it is cracked or not or its rubber and fiber are loose or not. Check also if they are extraordinarily worn out.
    (2) Driving belt width:
        limit of use: change it below 17.0 mm.

11. Disassemble the slide driving plate set
    (1) Remove the bush of slide driving plate
    (2) Remove the screw, and disassemble the cover of slide driving plate.
    (3) Remove RAMP plate.
    (4) Remove weight roller.

12. Checking list:
    (1) Check the wearing condition of the weight roller.
        limit of use: change it when below 15.5 mm.
    (2) Check inner dia of slide driving plate’s gasket.
        limit of use: change it when above 20.123 mm
    (3) Check the wearing condition for driving pulley surface.
    (4) Check the outer diameter of the driving plate’s boss.
        change it when below 19.911 mm
13. Assemble the slide driving plate.
   (1) Clean the inner surface of slide driving plate, then assemble the roller.
   (2) Assemble the ramp plate.
   (3) Please reverse the procedures of disassembling to finish assembling.
D. Starter dismantling

1. Dismantle the left crankcase cover
2. Remove the hexagon nut, then remove the starter lever.
3. Remove five screws of isolating plate.
4. Remove the starter spring from the start returning positioner.
5. Remove the driven gear comp of kick starter.
6. Remove the retaining c-type clip
7. Remove the spindle comp.
8. Checking the starter
   a. Check the wearing condition of the outer diameter of the spindle comp
      and the inner diameter of bush and gear.
   b. Check the wearing condition of the shaft of driven gear comp, gear
      sets and ratchet.
9. Assembling the starter
   To assemble the starter, please follow the opposite procedures of dismantling.
   Locking torque: M6: 1.0~1.2 kg-m

Note:
① Make sure that one end of the torsion spring is hooked on the groove of driven gear, and another end of the torsion spring is hooked on the poled inside the left crankcase.
② Put some grease on shaft and gear sets before assembling.
E. Clutch driven pulley

1. Dismantle the clutch
   a. Remove left crankcase cover.
   b. Remove driving plate.
   c. Remove driving belt.
   d. Remove the M10 locking nut, then the clutch.

2. Assembling the clutch: please follow the opposite procedure of dismantling.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Locking torque:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M10: 3.5~4.0kg-m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Checking the clutch:
   a. Check the clutch driven face.
      Check the clutch cover about its wearing Condition and inner diameter measurement.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Limit of use:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50cc: Change it when above 117.5mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b. Check the clutch lining wearing condition and measure the lining thickness limit of use: change it below 2.5mm.
c. Check driven spring free length: standard: 87.9mm Limit of use: change it as it is below 82.5mm (50cc)

d. Check wearing condition of driving plate set. Outer diameter measurement: Limit of use: change it as it is above 33.950mm

e. Check wearing condition of slide driven plate. Inner diameter measurement: Limit of use: change it as it is above 34.070mm

f. Check is there any wearing occur to the ditch.

g. Check wearing condition of seal location, if necessary change a new one.
(5) Cylinder and piston:

A. Troubleshooting.

a. Compression pressure is too low, difficult to start engine and running unsmoothly.
   1. Cylinder head gasket cracked.
   2. Spark plug is not well-locked.
   3. Piston ring worn out or cracked.
   5. Reed valve is defective.

b. Compression pressure is too high, engine overheating or abnormal noise.
   1. Piston tip has too much carbon piled up.

c. Abnormal piston noise
   1. Cylinder and piston worn out.
   2. Piston pin hole or piston pin worn out.
   3. Connecting rod small-end or bearing worn out.

d. Abnormal piston or cylinder noise
   1. Piston ring worn out or cracked.
   2. Cylinder worn out or cracked.

B. The operation notice:

1. Clean before operation to avoid particles dropping into engine.
2. The connect surface of gasket must be clean.
3. Dismantle the cylinder and the cylinder head by screw driver.
   Do not scratch the contact surface.
4. Cylinder inner surface and piston outer surface can’t be scratched.
   The contact surface should be lubricated by specified oil.

C. PISTON & CYLINDER DATAS:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part name/description</th>
<th>Standard Value (mm)</th>
<th>Limit of use (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder head</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flatness</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cylinder</td>
<td>39.995~40.015</td>
<td>40.050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston/Piston ring</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lst ring</td>
<td>0.05~0.06</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd ring</td>
<td>0.05~0.06</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston outer diameter</td>
<td>39.950~39.970</td>
<td>39.895</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measuring location of piston outer dia. (12mm from the lower end of skirt)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearance b/w piston and cylinder</td>
<td>0.045~0.065</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston pin hole inner dia</td>
<td>13.022~13.013</td>
<td>13.045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston pin hole inner diameter</td>
<td>10.002~10.008</td>
<td>10.025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston pin outer diameter</td>
<td>9.994~10.000</td>
<td>9.970</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearance between piston and piston pin</td>
<td>0.004~0.018</td>
<td>0.030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecting rod small end inner dia</td>
<td>13.996~14.007</td>
<td>14.025</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
D. cylinder head, cylinder, and piston dismantling.

1. Remove the engine.
2. Screwing out the two M6-bolt of cooling cowl.
3. Screwing out the two M6-blot of fan cover.

4. Remove the cooling cowl and fan cover.
5. Remove the spark plug.
6. Remove the two M6 nuts on the muffler and cylinder. Also remove the two M8 bolt of crankcase.
7. Remove muffler.

8. Remove the four M7 nut on the cylinder head, then remove the cylinder head and cylinder head gasket.
9. Remove the Cylinder and the gasket.

10. Remove the c type clip on the piston and piston pins by the nipper.
    • Take off piston.

11. Dismantling of the piston ring Take off the first piston ring then the second ring.

12. When assembling please reverse the procedures of dismantling.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Locking torque:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M7: 1.0-1.4kg-m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M6: 1.0-1.2kg-m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Opening end of piston ring
(6) A.C. Generator, Flyweel
A. Dismantling AC generator
1. Remove fan cowl.
2. Remove the M6 screws (4)
3. Remove Screws of flywheel magneto
4. Remove the AC flywheel magneto by special tool.
5. Remove the flywheel.

6. Remove the electric plug of AC Flywheel magneto. Take out the magneto.

**B. Install AC generator**

To install, please reverse the dismantling procedures.

**Locking torque:**
- M6: 1.0~1.2kg-m
- M10: 3.2~4.0kg-m
(7) Final Transmission Mechanism
A. Trouble shooting
   ● Engine can be started, but vehicle doesn't move.
      1. Gear worn-out or cracked.
      2. Gear burnt out.
   ● Noise occurs when running.
      1. Gear worn out, burnt or gear surface damaged.
      2. Bearing worn out or loosen.
   ● Oil leakage
      1. Too much oil.
      2. Seal worn out or damaged.
B. Disassemble the final transmission mechanism.
   1. Remove the rear wheel.
   2. Drain off the oil in the gear box.
3. Remove the 6 bolt in gear box cover

4. Take off the gear box.

5. Take out the final reduction gear and idle gear shaft.

6. Clean up the gear box
C. Check the final transmission mechanism
   1. Check the wearing condition of the driving shaft and gears.
   2. Check the wearing condition of the idle gear shaft and idle gears.
   3. Check the wearing condition of the final reduction gear.
   4. Check the wearing condition of the oil seal and bearing.

D. Assemble the final transmission mechanism: please follow the opposite procedures of disassembling. After locking the drain bolt, refill 90 c.c of gear oil, SAE 85W/140.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Locking torque: M6</th>
<th>1.0~1.2 kg-m</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M10</td>
<td>3.5~4.0 kg-m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drain bolt:</td>
<td>M8: 1.8 kg-m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
E. Check for the flatness of cylinder head & cylinder.
Check the flatness of contact surface of cylinder head & cylinder.

Limit of use: If it exceeds 0.1mm
Change a new one.

F. Combustion chamber cleaning

● Clean out the carbon piled up in combustion chamber.

● Do not scratch the combustion chamber and contact surface of the cylinder during cleaning operation
G. Check cylinder and piston:
1. Check the wearing and damage condition on the contact surface of the cylinder and piston.
2. Clean out the carbon on the cylinder exhausting port.

Be careful not to scratch the inner Surface of cylinder.

3. Cylinder bore measurement:
   (1) Measure each point (A)(B)(C) orderly, and in X.Y. axis to find the smallest value.
   (2) Limit of use: 50cc-change it when over 40.050mm
4. Piston outer diameter measurement:
   (1) Measure at the skirt area where is 12 mm from the skirt lower end of skirt.
   (2) Limit of use: 50cc-change if when below 39.895mm

(3) Calculate the clearance between the cylinder and piston.

   Limit of use: change it when over 0.100mm

5. Inner diameter measurement of the piston pin hole
   Limit of use: change it when over 14.032mm
6. Outer diameter measurement of the piston pin
   Limit of use: change it when under 9.970mm (50cc ENGINE)

![Photo of piston pin measurement]

7. Check piston ring:
   Measure piston ring gap:
   Limit of use: change new ones when the first ring and second ring are over 0.4mm

   | Push the piston ring into the cylinder |
   | By piston, the measure the gap          |
8. Check connecting rod small end
   (1) Install piston pin, bearing onto the connecting rod small end, then check the looseness of the piston pin.
   (2) Measure the inner diameter of the connecting rod small end.

Limit of use: replace a new one when over 14.025mm.(50cc ENGINE)

H. Installing cylinder and piston
1. Place the piston ring into the second ring ditch first, then install the piston ring into the first ditch.
2
   a. Piston ring should be installed into piston ring ditch by even force
   b. After assembling, be sure that the piston ring sliding surface is at the same height as the piston outer surface.
   c. If the piston ring can not fit into the ditch, please clean up the carbon in the piston ring ditch or piston ring itself.
3.
   a. Piston ring must be installed in the correct location.
   b. After installing the piston ring, it should be able to rotate freely.
   c. If it is necessary to change the new piston ring, it must change the whole set.
4.
   a. The location of the piston ring gap and the lock pin must be in opposite side.
   b. The mark”→” on the piston tip must be pointing to the exhausting port.
   c. Lubricate the piston pin before installation.
5. Please follow the opposite procedure of dismantling to install cylinder and cylinder head.
(8) Crankcase, Crankshaft:
A. Disassembling diagram
B. Troubleshooting.
   Engine noise:
   1. The bearing of final transmission mechanism is loose.
   2. Crank pin bearing is loose.
   3. The bearing of gear box is loose.

C. Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measuring Item</th>
<th>Standard value</th>
<th>Limit of use (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clearance of connecting rod big end (Parallel</td>
<td>0.20-0.50</td>
<td>0.71 (50cc)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>direction to rod)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearance of connecting rod big end (Perpendicular</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>direction to rod)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swingness of the crank shaft neck</td>
<td>0.03</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Diagram Image]
D. Dismantle the crankcase and crankshaft please follow the following procedures:
1. Remove the engine.
2. Remove the left crank case, the driving pulley (driving plate) clutch and belt.
3. Remove the air cleaner.
4. Remove the carburetor.

5. Remove the intake manifold and reed valve.

6. Remove the oil pump, fan cowl and fan itself.
7. Remove the AC flywheel magneto.

8. Dismantle the right and left crankcase. There are all together 7 bolts.

9. Remove center stand, left and right crankcase and take out the crankshaft.
E. Check the crankshaft:
1. Measure the clearance between crankshaft and co-rod big end (Parallel direction to rod).

Limit of use: Replace a new when above 0.71mm

2. Check the looseness on X.Y. axis of the connecting rod big end (Perpendicular directions to rod).

Limit of use: Replace a new one when above 0.04mm
3. Measure the swingness of crankshaft neck.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Limit of use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change it when Above 0.1mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change it when Above 0.1mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Check the slackness of crankshaft bearing, if it is slack, change a new one.

F. Assemble the crankcase.
1. To assemble the crankcase, please reverse the procedures of disassembling.
2. The locking torque value for bolts and nuts are all described in the previous chapters. Please refer.
(9) Carburetor, Reed Valve and Auto cock
A. Fuel system diagram

Fuel Cap

Fuel Gauge

Fuel Tank
B: Carburetor dismantling diagram

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E9.1 XR50

CARBURETOR

1.  
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20.  
21.  
22.  
23.  
24.  

FR.
C. Troubleshooting:
   a. Engine can not be started.
      1. No fuel in the fuel tank.
      2. Fuel pipe is blocked.
      3. There is too much fuel in the cylinder.
      4. Air cleaner is blocked.

   b. Engine idling (RPM) unsteady, running not smoothly
      1. Improper adjustment of the carburetor idling.
      2. Ignition disorder.
      3. Compression pressure is too low.
      4. Air mixture is too thick.
      5. Air mixture is too lean.
      6. Air cleaner is blocked.
      7. Air injection is not in good function.
      8. Fuel is dirty.

   c. Air mixture is too lean.
      1. Carburetor main jet is blocked
      2. The ventilation hole of the fuel tank cover is blocked.
      3. Fuel filter is blocked.
      4. Fuel pipe bended, squeezed or blocked.
      5. Float valve is abnormal.
      6. Fuel level is too low.
      7. Air pipe is blocked.

   d. Air mixture is too thick
      1. Float valve is abnormal.
      2. Fuel level is too high.
      3. Air jet is blocked.
D. Dismantling carburetor
1. Remove the luggage box.
2. Loose the hose clamp between the carburetor and the air cleaner. Then remove the air cleaner.
3. Unscrew the fuel draining screw of the carburetor. Drain off the fuel inside the carburetor.
4. Remove the fuel pipe and the vacuum pipe on the carburetor.
5. Remove the oil pile on the carburetor.
6. Remove the bolts on the intake manifold and carburetor.

E. Dismantling float, nozzle

Note:
The auto choke has been properly adjusted already. Please do not adjust it further. When there is blockage in the carburetor, please clean it by air compressor.
F. Reed valve

1. Dismantling reed valve.
   (1) Take off the luggage box
   (2) Remove the air cleaner
   (3) Remove the carburetor.
   (4) Unscrew the locking screw of the intake manifold.
   (5) Remove the intake manifold.
   (6) Remove the reed valve.

2. Checking for the reed valve.
   - Change a new one when the reed valve is worn out or distorted.
   - Change a new one too when the base of the reed valve is cracked, injured or distorted.
G. Check the auto cock

1. When the engine stop, remove the fuel pipe from carburetor and check if there is fuel flow Out or not.
   It means auto lock functions well if the residue fuel (for the amount of 5-10cc) flows out From the auto cock and fuel pipe. However, if it continues to flow out, it means that the Vacuum pipe is blocked. Please clean it.

2. Remove the vacuum pipe from the carburetor and suck it to produce a vacuum to have the Fuel flow out from the fuel pipe. The fuel will stop flowing out if the vacuum disappear. If the fuel does not flow out by the above operation, please check the followings:
   (a) Clean out blockage in the vacuum pipe.
   (b) Blow air into the inlet pipe of the auto cock.

3. Note:
   Please remember to use a bowl to catch the flow-out at the end of the fuel pipe.
   Keep away from fire or even spark during operation.
(11) Steering stem, front wheel, frt brake comp and front fork.

A. Troubleshooting
B. Data
C. Steering handlebar
E. Front wheel
F. Front brake
G. Front fork
A. Troubleshooting

1. Steering handlebar is abnormal, too tight.
   a. Steering mechanism; washer of conical bush locked too tightly.
   b. Steering mechanism; steel ball is cracked.
   c. Steering mechanism; steel ball base and washer of conical base is damaged.
   d. Wheel pressure is too low.

2. Steering handlebar is aslant.
   a. Left and right damper is not even.
   b. Front fork is crooked.
   c. The axle of front fork is crooked, wheel is aslant.

3. Front wheel swings.
   a. Wheel rim is distorted.
   b. Bearing of front axle too free.
   c. Wheel rib is distorted.
   d. Wheel is not good.
   e. Front wheel axle locked improperly.

4. Front damper is too soft, spring fatigue.

5. Noise in front damper.
   a. Noise comes from damper box.
   b. Locking screw of damper is slackness.

B. Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard value (mm)</th>
<th>Limit of use (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lining of frt brake</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disk of frt brake</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swingness of frt/rr wheel</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
C. Changing the speedometer cable

1. Remove the fixed screws of the front cover.
2. Remove the nut of speedometer cable.
3. Remove the front handle cover.

4. Remove the fixed screws of speedometer cable on the right of front wheel.
5. Draw out the damage speedometer cable.
6. Assemble the new cable follows the opposite procedure of dismantling.

NOTE: Put the grease onto the Inner cable before Assembling.
(D)Steering handlebar
1. Remove the LH/RH back mirrors.
2. Remove the upper handle cover.
3. Remove the nuts on front fork and handlebar.
4. Take off the fixing bolt.
5. Remove the nut and bolt of the front fork fixed on the handlebar.
6. Take off the handle bar.

7. When assembling, please follow the opposite procedures.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Locking Torque:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M6</td>
<td>1.0-1.2kg-m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M10</td>
<td>3.0-4.0kg-m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8. Before assembling, please add grease on each cable.
1. Remove the locking nut of the front wheel on the right side.
2. Draw out the axle of front wheel, remove the ring and take off the gear sets of speedometer.
3. Remove the front wheel assy.
4. Assemble the front wheel follows the opposite procedure of dismantling.

   **Locking Torque:**
   - M10: 3.0-4.0kg-m

**Note:**
1. Put the lock block of speedometer gear assy upon the extrusion of the front fork.
2. Put the grease onto the grease sets of speedometer before assembling.
3. Checking the front wheel axle
   a. Check the bending degree of the front axle.
   b. Take note of the bending degree on the middle of axle.
   c. Limit of use: Change it when above 0.2mm.
6. Front wheel bearing checking
Turn the tire. If the bearing is
Loosen or any occurrence for noise,
Please change a new one.

7. Front wheel rim checking
(1) Check the swing of the front wheel rim.
(2) Limit of use:
   ● Horizontal direction:
     Change a new one when above 2.0mm.
   ● Vertical direction:
     Change a new one when above 2.0mm.
(F) Front brake
1. Disassembling and assembling of the front brake comp.
   a. Remove two bolts fixed on the front brake comp and the front fork.
   b. Remove the front brake comp.
   c. Assemble the front brake comp.
      Follows the opposite procedure of dismantling.
   Locking Torque:
      M8: 2.0~3.0kg-m

2. Air releasing of the front brake comp
   The procedure of air releasing
   a. Fill the enough brake oil to the container
   b. Do not let the brake oil overflow from the master cylinder or container when assemble the master cylinder cover.
   c. Put the spanner upon the drain screw.
   d. Lock and unlock the screw several times to Release the bubbles.
   e. Operate slowly the brake lever several times.
   f. Clamp the brake lever to the end.
   g. Loose the drain screw, then open the lever completely.
   h. Locking the drain screw and then loose it when the lever is opened completely.
   i. Repeat above procedure until all the air in the brake system has been released completely.
   Locking torque of leaking screw: 0.6 kg-m
3. Front fork checking:
   If it is bent or cracked, please replace with a new one.

4. Front shock absorber checking
   Check if there is any unusual damage or worn-out condition, and whether the guide rod of the
   Front fork is crooked or not.

Front fork oil type: SAE 10W20
Capacity (each side): 70 CC

NOTE:
If the guide rod is crooked, it should be replaced by a new one or repaired.
5. Disassembling and assembling the front brake-disk.
   a. Remove the front wheel.
   b. Remove three nuts on the disk.
   c. Remove the disk.
   d. Assemble the disk follows the disassembling procedure.
      Locking torque M8: 2.0~3.0kgm

6. Checking the front brake-disk.
   Standard thickness of disk: 3.6mm
   Limit of usage: change it when below 3.1mm

7. Checking the front brake-lining.
   a. Standard thickness: 4.0mm.
   limit of use: As the thickness is below 2.0mm, change it.
   
   Note: No grease on the lining.
(12) Rear wheel, rear brake, rear damper:

A. Troubleshooting.
B. Data.
C. Dismantling the rear wheel.
D. Checking the rear wheel.
E. Rear brake.
F. Rear damper.
A. Troubleshooting.
   1. Rear wheel swings.
      a. wheel rim is distorted.
      b. wheel is abnormal.
      c. improperly assemble the wheel axle.

   2. Rear damper is too soft
      a. rear damper spring fatigue.

   3. Bad braking
      a. the adjustment of brake is not good.
      b. the brake lining is dirty.
      c. the brake lining is worn out.
      d. the cam of brake lining is worn out
      e. the brake cam lever is worn out.
      f. the brake hub is worn out.
      g. the assembling of brake lever gear trough is not good.

B. Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard value (mm)</th>
<th>Limit of use (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The swings of rear wheel</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake hub inner diameter</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>111.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thickness of brake lining</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
C. Dismantling and assembling

The rear wheel.

1. Remove the fixed screws and bolts of the exhaust pipe.
2. Remove the fixed screws of the rear wheel drum.
3. Remove the bolts.
4. Remove the rear wheel.
5. To assemble the rear wheel, please reverse the dismantling procedures.

Locking torque: M6: 0.7-1.1 kg.m  
M14: 8.0-10.0 kg.m

D. Checking the rear wheel.
- check the swings of rear wheel.
- radial direction: change it as it is above 2.0mm
- horizontal direction: change it as it is above 2.0mm.
E. Rear brake:

1. Rear brake disassembling diagram.
   (1) Checking rear brake hub:
       a. measure the inner diameter of rear brake hub.
       b. limit of use: change it as the diameter is above 111.0mm

(2) Checking brake lining:
    a. measure the thickness of rear brake lining.
    b. Limit of use: As the thickness is less than 2mm, change it.
F. Rear damper

1. Rear damper disassembling diagram:
(13) Fuel tank

A. Troubleshooting:
1. Engine can’t start:
   a. No fuel in fuel tank.
   b. Fuel pipe is blocked.
   c. Auto cock and fuel filter is blocked.
   d. The membrane of fuel cock over extended.
2. The mixture is too lean.
   a. Ventilation hole is blocked.
   b. Fuel pipe is crooked, squeezed, or blocked.
   c. Auto cock and fuel filter is dirty.

B. Dismantling and assembling Fuel Tank
1. Remove the luggage box.
2. Open the rear cover of the fuel Tank and take it off.
3. Remove the left and right rear handle bars.
4. Remove the left and right side covers.
5. Remove the fuel pipe.
6. Remove the connecting terminal of the fuel gauge.

7. Remove the fuel gauge.
8. Remove the fixing blot of the fuel tank.
9. Take off the fuel tank.
10. When re-assembling, please follow the opposite procedure of disassembling.
    Locking torque: M6: 1.0-1.2kgf-m
5. Electric equipment:

(1) Troubleshooting
(2) Battery
   1. check specific gravity of electrolyte
   2. recharge
(3) Recharge system
   1. the wiring diagram of recharge system
   2. check A.C. flywheel magneto
   3. check regulator/rectifier.
(4) Ignition system
   1. the wiring of ignition
   2. check spark plug
   3. check H.T. Cable and H.T. coil
   4. check C.D.I. set
(5) Starting system
   1. the wiring of starting
   2. checking the starter
   3. dismantling the starting motor
   4. checking the starting motor
(6) Starting clutch
(7) Handle bar switch
(1) Troubleshooting:

A. Recharge system:

- No power:
  1. Battery over charge
  ① No electrolyte in battery.
  ② Battery becomes white.
  ③ Short circuit in battery.
  ④ Regulator malfunction
  2. The battery wires disconnected.
  3. Fuse is broken.
  4. Ignition lock is abnormal.

- Voltage is too low:
  1. Battery recharges insufficiently.
  2. The connecting is abnormal.
  3. Recharge system is abnormal.
  4. Regulator malfunction.

B. Ignition system:

- The sparking of spark plug is abnormal:
  1. Spark plug is abnormal.
  2. Wire connects improperly, broken or short circuit.
  ① Between A.C. flywheel magneto and CDI sets.
  ② Between CDI sets and H.T. coil.
  ③ Between CDI sets and main switch.
  ④ Between main switch and spark plug.
  3. Main switch is out of order.
  4. H.T. coil is abnormal.
  5. CDI sets is out of order.
  6. A.C. flywheel magneto is abnormal.

C. Starting system:

- Starting motor can't rotate:
  1. The fuse is broken.
  2. Battery recharges insufficiently.
  3. Main switch is abnormal.
  4. Switch of starting motor is out of order.
  5. Switch of front. rear brake is out of order.
  6. Starter relay is out of order.
  7. Wire disconnects or broken.

- Starting motor weak rotation:
  1. Battery recharges insufficiently.
  2. Wiring disconnect.
  3. Motor or gear some impure material drop in

- Starting motor can rotate, but engine can't rotate:
  1. Starting pinion is abnormal.
  2. Starting motor is reverse rotation.
  3. Battery is out of order.

- Currency is unstable:
  1. The wiring of battery connects improperly.
  2. Ignition system connects abnormally.
  3. Ignition system is short circuit.
  4. Lamp system connects abnormally or short circuit.

- Abnormal recharge system:
  1. The plug part connects abnormally, wire broken or short circuit.
  2. Rectifier is abnormal.
  3. A.C. flywheel magneto is abnormal.

D. Engine rotate unsmoothly:

- Ignition primary wiring
  ① The wire or plug of wiring connects improperly.
  ② Main switch disconnects.

- Ignition secondary wiring
  ① Ignition coil is abnormal.
  ② Spark plug is abnormal.
  ③ H.T. coil is abnormal
  ④ Spark plug cover electricity leakage.

- Ignition period
  ① A.C. magneto is abnormal.
  ② A.C.G. coil disconnects.
  ③ C.D.I. set is abnormal.

- Starting motor is out of order.

- Starting motor weak rotation:
  1. Battery recharges insufficiently.
  2. Wiring disconnect.
  3. Motor or gear some impure material drop in

- Starting motor can rotate, but engine can't rotate:
  1. Starting pinion is abnormal.
  2. Starting motor is reverse rotation.
  3. Battery is out of order.
(2) Battery:
Always, remove the battery negative Cable(-), then remove positive cable (+). But connect the positive cable (+) first, then connect the negative cable(-) when assembling.

1. Recharging
   Connection method:
   Connect the positive cable(+) of the recharger to the positive cable(+) of the battery; and
   The negative cable(-) of the recharger to the negative cable(-) of the battery.

   Recharging currency:
   Please recharge(12V) according to the following currency and time.
   Standard: 0.3A * 5-10HR OR Rapid: 3A * 1Hr

NOTICE:
1. It is not necessary to refill the battery liquid into the battery.
2. Do not take off the sealed bolt while recharging.

NOTE:
● No fire near battery when recharging
● The “ON” or “OFF” of recharging currency must be operated by the switch of recharger. It will cause spark or explosive if plug or unplug the cable directly.
2. Testing the recharging performance

This test needs to be done under the
Battery has been recharged completely

a. This test needs to be done after
   engine is warm-up.
   And take off the luggage case
   Firstly.

b. Disconnect the orange cable of
   regulator.

c. Open the fuse box to remove the
   white cable

d. Connect currency meter between red/
   white cable fuse.

While testing, the red wire cable must not touch the frame.

d. Set the headlamp switch at “OFF”, engine rotation is at 2000 rpm while testing.
   Then increase the rpm slowly.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Head Lamp Switch</th>
<th>Recharging rpm</th>
<th>2,500rpm</th>
<th>6,000rpm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFF (DAY)</td>
<td>Under2,000upm</td>
<td>0.6A(MIN)</td>
<td>1.5A(MIN)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON (NIGHT)</td>
<td>Under2,000upm</td>
<td>0.6A(MIN)</td>
<td>1.5A(MIN)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

e. If the testing result does not match standard value, check the regulator.
(3) Recharge system

1. Recharge system diagram
2. Check A.C. flywheel magneto.
   a. Remove the LH side strip and LH body cover.
   b. Measure the resistance value of terminals.

3. Check regulator. Measure the resistance value between each terminal, it should be in specified range, otherwise change a new one.

Pocket tester range: * 1k range

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Probe of tester</th>
<th>W</th>
<th>Y</th>
<th>R/W</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Probe of tester</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>∞</td>
<td>3 - 50</td>
<td>∞</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y</td>
<td>∞</td>
<td>∞</td>
<td>5 - 100</td>
<td>∞</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R/W</td>
<td>∞</td>
<td>∞</td>
<td>∞</td>
<td>∞</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>∞</td>
<td>5 - 100</td>
<td>∞</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(4) Ignition system:

1. the wiring of ignition

2. CDI Resistance inspection
   Pocket tester range: * 1k range
2. Check the spark plug.

3. Check the H.T. cable and H.T. coil by using the CDI tester. Please follow the instruction manual.

4. CDI sets checking.
   Check with the CDI tester and Please follow the instruction Manual.
   If the CDI is broken down, please Change a new one.
(5) Starting system

1. Starting wiring
2. Checking
- Other spare parts comp. Checking.
- Change a new one when there is any scratch, damage or burnt on the surface.
- Any adherent metal powder in-between the layers of the direction exchanger should be cleaned.
- The conductivity check among each contact surfaces to other parts.
- The non-conductivity check between the armature pivot and each layer of the direction exchanger.
- The conductivity check of the outer cover of the starter motor
- The non-conductivity check between the cable ends and the outer cover of the starting motor.
- The conductivity check of the electric brush and the cable ends. If there is anything abnormal change a new one.
- The non-conductivity check of the brush bracket.
  If it is conductive, change a new one.

3. Start Relay
   Starting check:
   - Remove the body cover.
   - When the main switch “ON” and press the starting motor button, there should be a “kata” sound.
   - If there is not a “kata” sound:
     a. Check the voltage of the start relay.
     b. Check the start’s ground circuit.
     c. Check the start reply starting system.

   Voltage check for the start relay:
   - Put on the center stand. Measure the voltage between the cable Green/Line(-) of the start relay and the body’s ground circuit.
   - To switch “ON” for the main switch and clamp the brake lever. The battery voltage has to meet the requirement.
   - When there is no voltage at the start relay, check the brake switch conductivity and the cables.
(7) Handle bar switch

The colors for each switch cables:

### Head Light Switch

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operation</th>
<th>Dark green</th>
<th>Yellow</th>
<th>Yellow/black</th>
<th>Blue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Starting Button

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operation</th>
<th>Green/White</th>
<th>Black</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FREE</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUSH</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### HI/LO bean

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operation</th>
<th>Blue</th>
<th>Brown/White</th>
<th>Purple/White</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td></td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOW</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Horn Switch

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operation</th>
<th>Yellow/green</th>
<th>Black</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PUSH</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FREE</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Signal Light Switch

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operation/Color</th>
<th>Pink</th>
<th>Blue/White</th>
<th>Brown</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To L</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUSH</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To R</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Main Switch

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lock</th>
<th>Off</th>
<th>On</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>●</td>
<td>Red/white</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td>Blue/black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>●</td>
<td>Orange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>